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## NICARAGUA.

*Weekly reports of conditions and transactions at Bluefields—Fruit port.*

BLUEFIELDS, NICARAGUA, June 28, 1902.

SIR: I have the honor to make the following report of the conditions and transactions at this port during the week ended June 28, 1902:

Present officially estimated population, 4,000. Number of cases and deaths from yellow fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from smallpox during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from typhus fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from cholera during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from plague during the week, none; number of deaths from other causes during the week, 2. Prevailing disease, a mild form of malarial fever. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, very good.

Bill of health was issued to the following vessel: June 25, steamship *Ulstein*; crew, 15; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; baggage disinfected, none.

Respectfully,

D. W. GOODMAN,  
*Acting Assistant Surgeon.*

The SURGEON-GENERAL.

## TURKEY.

*Plague declared at Pera.*

PERA, TURKEY, July 5, 1902.

SECRETARY OF STATE, Washington, D. C.: Plague declared from July 1.

SMITH LYTE,  
*U. S. Vice Consul-General at Constantinople.*

*Foreign and insular statistical reports of countries and cities—Yearly and monthly.*

AUSTRIA—*Brunn*.—Month of April, 1902. Estimated population, 95,342. Total number of deaths, 232, including diphtheria, 1; measles, 3; whooping cough, 5, and 65 from tuberculosis.

BRAZIL—*Ceara*.—Month of April, 1902. Estimated population, 50,000. Total number of deaths, 97, including 8 from enteric fever.

*Pernambuco*.—Two weeks ended May 31, 1902. Estimated population, 200,000. Total number of deaths, 327, including enteric fever, 4; smallpox, 14; plague, 13, and 39 from tuberculosis.

FRANCE—*Marseille*.—Month of May, 1902. Estimated population, 491,161. Total number of deaths, 790, including diphtheria, 5; enteric fever, 17; measles, 5; scarlet fever, 2; whooping cough, 3, and 2 from smallpox.

*St. Etienne*.—Two weeks ended May 31, 1902. Estimated population, 146,559. Total number of deaths, 148, including diphtheria, 2; measles, 6; whooping cough, 1, and 25 from tuberculosis.

GERMANY—*Weimar*.—Month of May, 1902. Estimated population, 29,116. Total number of deaths, 34. No deaths from contagious diseases.

**GREAT BRITAIN—England and Wales.**—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended June 14, 1902, correspond to an annual rate of 15.0 per 1,000 of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 14,862,909.

**London.**—One thousand two hundred and forty-two deaths were registered during the week, including measles, 44; scarlet fever, 8; diphtheria, 10; whooping cough, 37; enteric fever, 8; smallpox, 29, and diarrhea and dysentery, 16. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 14.1 per 1,000. In Greater London 1,703 deaths were registered. In the “outer ring” the deaths included 2 from diphtheria, 22 from measles, 1 from scarlet fever, 6 from smallpox, and 3 from whooping cough.

**Ireland.**—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended June 14, 1902, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 19.2 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,092,322. The lowest rate was recorded in Clonmel and Drogheda, viz., 0.0, and the highest in Sligo, viz., 57.6 per 1,000. In Dublin and suburbs 155 deaths were registered, including diphtheria, 1; enteric fever, 1; measles, 4; whooping cough, 3, and 32 from tuberculosis.

**Scotland.**—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended June 14, 1902, correspond to an annual rate of 19.0 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,679,923. The lowest mortality was recorded in Leith, viz., 13.9, and the highest in Dundee, viz., 20.5 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 614, including diphtheria, 3; measles, 18; scarlet fever, 4, and 21 from whooping cough.

**JAPAN—Formosa.**—Month of May, 1902. Estimated population, 2,797,543. Number of deaths not reported. Three deaths from smallpox, and 225 deaths from plague reported.

**JAVA—Batavia.**—Two weeks ended May 20, 1902. Estimated population, 150,000. Number of deaths not reported. No contagious diseases reported.

**NORFOLK ISLAND.**—Month of April, 1902. Estimated population, 906. One death. No contagious diseases.

**SPAIN—Malaga.**—Month of May, 1902. Estimated population, 130,109. Total number of deaths, 440, including enteric fever, 4, and 8 from smallpox.

**Valencia.**—Two weeks ended June 15, 1902. Estimated population, 204,000. Total number of deaths, 180, including enteric fever, 4, and 1 from smallpox.